

High Prices For Alberta Land

Record Price Is Paid for Non-Irrigable Land.

One hundred dollars an acre has been paid during the last few days for six hundred and forty acres of land in Southern Alberta. The price is a record one for non-irrigable land in the province, but irrigated land has frequently been sold at higher prices. The land is situated west of Nobleford, and is in a high state of cultivation, but has no buildings or other improvements of the kind on it. That it should have brought such a high figure is a splendid tribute to the faith of the buyer in the fertility of the soil of Southern Alberta, despite the poor harvest in this part of the province last season. But such a season as last is not likely to be repeated very soon, and is more than made up for in a good season, such as 1915, when 1,000 acres of land close to the piece just sold produced more than 5,000 bushels of wheat.

\$5,000 From Four Acres

Big Profit Made by Fruit Grower in Creston District.

The highest-priced car for apples ever shipped from British Columbia was loaded at Creston last week for Christmas trade at eastern points. It contained 840 boxes of fruit which netted the grower, clear of all selling expenses, \$2,507. These were of delicious variety, and constituted two-fifths of the crop gathered from a four acre tract of the R. J. Long orchard. The total crop of the four acres was 2,000 boxes, which brought the grower \$5,250.00.

Western Stock In Old Country

Alberta Horses Are Much Appreciated in Great Britain.

With reference to the recent sale in England of Alberta horses that were imported by R. E. Parker, of Easton, Norfolk, the British Livestock Journal says:

"This typical, short-legged, beautiful mare (Janelle, a seven-year-old mare that was sold for 650 guineas—more than \$3,510.00) was much admired as she moved freely in the ring on excellent legs and feet. The next best priced female, a three-year-old, which cost Lord Minto 450 guineas, was a daughter of the famous sire Halifax, who, as a two-year-old, won the breed championship at the Winnipeg exhibition and the grand championship for all breeds. Lord Minto bought six mares and fillies at £2,205 (over \$11,000), or an average of £367 (about \$1,835).

"When Mr. Parker became personally aware of the high standard of the Bar U ranch standard of Mr. George Lane, at Calgary, in Canada, he decided that the stock was worthy of his attention, and in the last two years he has secured two assignments from Mr. Lane. The sale was something of a special attraction for local agriculturists, many of whom attended. Several acquired some of the new importations and doubtless studs will be started in Norfolk. Some of the best Percheron sires of the day were represented in the stock sold, prices being fully up to expectations. It is noteworthy that the animals were sold to buyers living as far apart as Dorset and Inverness."

Idleness is the key to poverty.

Calgary Stockyards Have Busy Year

Total Value of Business Last Year More Than \$21,000,000

Progress is the keynote in Western Canada. From month to month and year to year a marked growth is noticeable in all phases of this country's activities. Since the conclusion of the war evidence of this growth has been stronger than in the previous four years.

The business transacted at the Alberta stock yards at Calgary during 1919 is an illustration of this progress. As compared with 1918, which year's business showed a considerable advance of that of the previous year, there was an increase in 1919 of fifty per cent. in the number of cattle handled, the figures being 145,000 and 215,000 respectively. Fewer hogs were handled in 1919 than in 1918, but there was a considerable increase in the number of sheep and horses passing through the yards. The total value of the business done last year was more than \$21,000,000, which exceeds that of 1919 by approximately ten millions.

China's Postal System

Embraces Altogether Over 176,000 Miles of Postal Routes

Instead of taking it as a matter of course, as should be done considering the Chinese post office service is a very modern institution, most people in America who stop to consider the admirable service rendered by one of the most efficient working institutions of China seem to be amused. The national post office is organized, developed, and maintained under foreign supervision, although not under foreign administration or control.

We may properly give the general postal service first place; for while it takes rank "with but after" the customs service and the salt gabelle (both under the strict control of foreigners) their remarkable financial and administrative successes do not reflect such credit upon native effort as does that of the Chinese general post office.

It must be surprising to be told that in the year 1918 the Chinese Post Office Department handled over 300,000,000 pieces of all sorts and kinds of mail matter through its 10,000 establishments scattered over the length and breadth of the republic.

From Antung, at the mouth of the Yalu River, which bounds China with Korea, to Kashgar in Chinese Turkestan; from Harbin in Northern Manchuria to Yunnanfu on the Burmese frontier; from the northern borders of outer Mongolia which march with Siberia to and into Tibet, the postal system embraces altogether over 176,000 miles of postal routes.

This service added to the Chinese national revenues in 1918 a net surplus of more than \$2,000,000, and complaints as to delay, miscarriage and non-delivery were practically negligible.

The Chinese post office administration does its work thoroughly. So do all departments of the civil service which are placed beyond the clutches of those officials who are still tainted with the poison of the old-time mandarins' greed and selfishness. This success has already had a pleasing measure of reward, because for some time China has been a full member of the International Postal Union.

The beginning of the Chinese post office service has been scarcely more than hinted at. Recently a post office savings bank was instituted; and its success, after but a few months' trial, has served to justify the faith of its sponsors. The deposits already amount to a very considerable sum. The exact figures have not been published for 1918, but they fully uphold the contention of the present writer (as well as many others) that capital is far from lacking in private hands. Ready capital has been inconspicuous because of the universal lack of confidence in a mandarin-controlled government.

With faith in the integrity of other Chinese officials at all comparable with that to which the new general post office had proved itself entitled, the millions and millions of tails and dollars known to be hoarded in shops, dwellings, farm houses, and even hovels will be forthcoming. This capital will be applied to the national and industrial development of China, and to the unification of political and diplomatic efforts.

Devotion Tested

Kind Father: My dear, if you want a good husband, marry Mr. Goodheart. He really and truly loves you. Daughter: Are you sure of that, papa?

Kind Father: Yes, indeed. I've been borrowing money from him for six months, and he still keeps coming.—London Tit-Bits.

If a man is friendless it is his own fault.

Large Investments In Saskatchewan

Companies With the Largest Investments are Canadian and British.

The report of the provincial treasurer for the fiscal year ending April 1, 1919, states that there is now invested in the province, by insurance companies, a sum of \$28,000,000, although the companies making the investments derive a premium revenue of only \$10,398,000 from policies written in Saskatchewan. The companies with the largest investments in this province are Canadian and British, the Canadian Life Insurance Company heading the list with \$5,900,000.

Mortgage and loan companies have also a large financial stake in Saskatchewan, amounting to \$57,000,000. The companies with the largest investment are all Canadian and British, with the exception of the Credit Foncier.

The Mortgage Company of Canada and the North of Scotland Mortgage Company head the list with about \$5,000,000 each.

During the period covered by the report, 185 concerns, with authorized share capital of \$33,580,000, were incorporated; 33 companies increased their capital from \$18,000,000 to \$48,000,000; and, in addition, 94 rural telephone companies were incorporated, and 30 other such companies increased their capital.

The report showed a revenue of \$195,000 from corporation taxes, and over \$700,000 from auto licenses.

Loan company managers, interviewed regarding the report, stated that the figures for the present year would show a large increase, as there was a brisk demand for mortgage loans, equalling, if not surpassing the year 1913, when the business was at its height for this province.

Rival Companies Race for Oil

Big Oil Pool Under the Alberta Prairie Which, Geologists State, Exists.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars will be spent in Alberta in the search of oil during the present year, and the area of development will extend right from the international boundary to the McKenzie River basin.

Southern Alberta will see the greatest oil boom since the discovery of the Imperial Oil Company announced and commenced a scheme for a thorough investigation of Alberta's oil resources. The development work proper hardly got rightly started when the winter set in, but the next spring this company will be at it in good shape.

It is said that the Shell Oil Company, the world's rival of the Standard Oil Company, and in which the British government is interested to the extent of \$100,000,000, is busy investigating the field, and has already picked up large lease holdings throughout Southern Alberta preparatory to development which will rival that announced by the Imperial Oil Company. With these two companies racing to see which will be the first to find the big pool under the Alberta prairie which geologists state exists, there will be a new impetus to legitimate development.

A number of private concerns are also spending money in the effort to find oil. One of the most important of these is the Boston Company which is drilling the well south of Cardston, known as the Cutler camp. This company recently brought in a whole new drilling rig, declared to be the largest ever imported into Canada, and is putting down a well with a hole which starts at 24 inches at the surface. The company is making good headway and is prepared to go a great depth as it is now very generally accepted that the big oil in Alberta will be found in the deeper strata.

The Calgary company which owns the old Lincham well is also drilling a new well and is shipping some oil from the old original well.

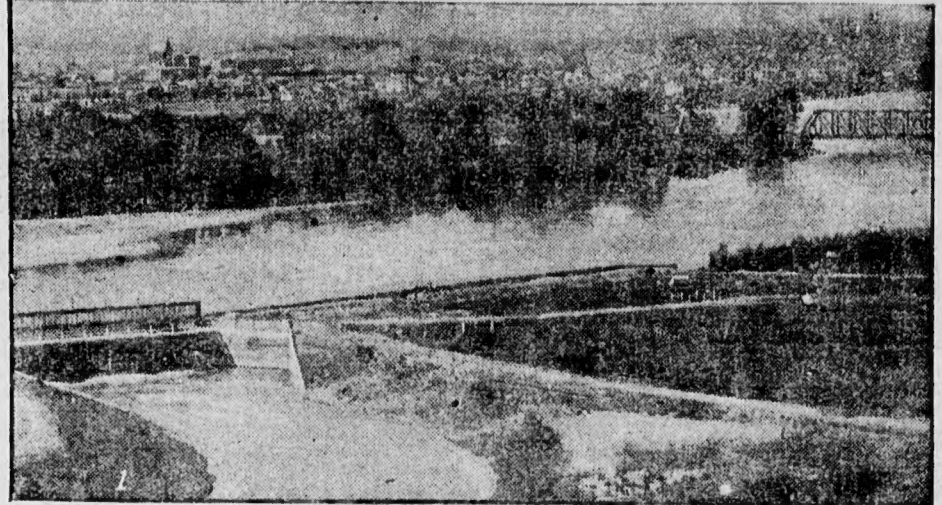
The Imperial Oil Company will be drilling two wells in the south, one at Dry Fork, south of Pincher, and one west of Nanton.

To Save Old Furniture.

Historic pieces of furniture and those which have the merit of being ancient, have been collected from various governmental offices by order of Premier Clemenceau and sent to the museum of decorative arts. Among them are a secretary and a desk owned by Louis XV., a Louis XVI. sideboard and a wonderful screen of the same period. Premier Clemenceau wished to preserve these souvenirs as he is able to recall an occasion when a minister of war got rid of a piece of furniture, which a dealer in antiques bought for about 100 francs, and he still keeps coming.—London Tit-Bits.

The mortality under chloroform is only one person in 10,000.

IRRIGATION EXTENDS IN THE WEST

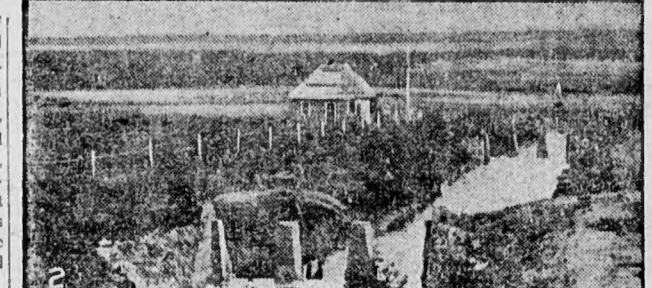


The year of 1919 stands out in the agricultural history of Alberta and Saskatchewan as having proved beyond all doubt the enormous benefits to be derived from farm irrigation, for in the drought which affected nearly the whole of these provinces, the south country within the irrigation belt not only produced excellent crops, but in many localities yields were harvested well in excess of the average of what are called good years.

On 145,500 acres in the Lethbridge district, 66,200 tons of fodder crops and 3,775,000 bushels of grain have been grown to the total value of about \$6,790,000. Wheat was the largest crop produced, there being well over two million bushels. Other crops harvested included more than a million bushels of oats, nearly 400,000 of barley, 26,000 of flax, and 66,000 tons of alfalfa. In addition vegetables were grown and sold from this area.

As another example of what phenomenal yields may be taken from irrigated land, the case of a farmer at Brooks may be cited, who on his farm produced a \$9,000 harvest of alfalfa seed. The yield was 14 bushels to the acre, which sold in the neighborhood at 80c per lb. and netted him a return of \$740 per acre.

In the large irrigation block of the Canadian Pacific Railway east of Calgary there are approximately 643,500 acres of irrigable land, and the amount in the Lethbridge district approximates 110,000 acres, making a total of 753,500 acres. Of this less than 20 per cent. was in crop this year. On the basis of this year's average production on irrigated land this total area is capable of producing crops to the value of between thirty



(1) Head Gates of C. P. R. Irrigation Canal near Calgary, Alta.
(2) Steps of an Irrigation Ditch near Gleichen, Alta.

and thirty-five million dollars yearly with an average of over \$40 per acre for each acre of irrigated land.

With such examples as these of the fruits of irrigation it is little wonder that the farmers of the dry belts of Alberta and Saskatchewan are clamoring for extensions to the existing systems of irrigation or the installation of new projects; or that the authorities should be devoting more time and attention to the furthering the schemes of irrigation.

A new project is already under way in the south area of Alberta which will take in the land in the Raymond, Sterling and Magrath districts, and the commissioner of irrigation, with headquarters in Calgary, has recently returned from a reconnaissance trip in the Buffalo Lake country, where he has been gathering information as to the feasibility of another projected scheme. This provides for the diversion of the flood waters of the North Saskatchewan River to irrigate the lands lying to the east and south of Buffalo Lake, all the way to the area

between Youngstown and Saskatoon. The scheme, in outline, is to tap the North Saskatchewan River at or near Rocky Mountain House, and by means of canals and ditches carry the water to lakes and depressions lying to the east, utilizing Buffalo Lake as the main reservoir.

The Alberta provincial government is also considering the establishment of an irrigation experimental farm at a point on the Saskatchewan River two miles north of Medicine Hat, covering a distance of twelve miles along the river adjoining the city. There are approximately 35,000 acres of land which can be brought under irrigation under this plan.

The first feature of irrigated lands is that they can be trusted to produce at least good average crops every year, and indeed, so far from the quality of the land deteriorating, its tendency is to become more productive as the farmer learns by study and observation what quantities of water to use, and the best system of crop rotation.

The Rights of Our Dumb Animals

"We Speak for Those That Cannot Speak for Themselves"

In a general way, whatever is true of the proper treatment of horses, cattle and other animals is true of sheep, hogs, poultry and other domestic animals. All of them require and have a right to plenty of good fresh food and drink, to shelter from storms and cold, to good beds, to be treated kindly and to be kept clean.

Our duty is to our own animals, to see that they are comfortable and happy. But it is also the right and duty of everybody to see, as far as he can, that all animals are kindly treated. Because they are helpless and must depend on us all to help them when they need it. If we see them abused or neglected, a full report should be sent to the humane officer, Mr. F. W. Crowlley, Inspector, at Regina, Sask., and if full details are given he will see that an investigation is held and they are properly cared for and treated. Any helpless creature, brute or human, has a right to this from everyone of us. If we stop to imagine ourselves in the condition of helpless and suffering animals, with no one to help us, we shall not be apt to fail to do all we can for them, when it only takes a little effort on your part to report it to the humane inspector.

Become a member of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals—your interest and encouragement are needed.

Wealth from Diamond Mines.

Diamond mines have brought wealth beyond the dreams of avarice to lucky investors. The famous Premier mine in South Africa was formed with a capital of \$400,000 in \$5 shares. The first year's profit was over \$500,000, and the second year it jumped to \$3,000,000. At one time the total value of the mine stood at \$69,150,000, or 173 times its original capitalization.

A lot of gas is used in pulling teeth—and popping the question.

W. N. U. 1300.

Potatoes Thrive With Irrigation

Tubers Sold at a Price of Fifteen Cents Each.

Two record-breaking potatoes have just been brought in from the irrigated area around Coaldale, in Southern Alberta. When they were dug, these potatoes weighed over four pounds each. Mr. D. A. McArthur, the grower, has disposed of his potato crop at a price of \$80 a ton, which makes the specimens shown worth fifteen cents each. They are of the Green Mountain variety. That these are not freaks is proved by the fact that twenty-five of the crop, picked at random, weighed seventy-seven pounds.

Moose and Deer Plentiful

Wanton Slaughter By Indians Common in Past Years Has Ceased. Moose and deer in the north woods are plentiful and fat, according to the returns made to F. Bradshaw, chief game guardian for Saskatchewan, and from reports received hunters are averaging one moose or deer apiece.

One very good piece of news which has come to Mr. Bradshaw is that there has been very little slaughter of game by Indians during the close season this year, and several reports have commented on the very satisfactory result of the conference held by officials of the Saskatchewan department of agriculture, and W. M. Graham, Indian commissioner, and the steps taken to prevent further slaughter of game by Indians during the close season.

Mr. Graham, the Indian commissioner, notified all Indian agents that Indians would have to make a return to the farm instructor of all game killed, and a record kept of its disposal, and promised to do all in his power to stop the practice of killing game for sale. According to one of the letters received by Mr. Bradshaw, the Indians are strictly obeying the law, explaining that they did not kill game out of season because "Game warden ketch 'em."—Regina Leader.

Alberta's Growing Dairy Output

Development of the Output of Creamery Butter Due to High Prices.

Production of creamery butter in Alberta is considerably greater this winter than in any previous winter, and the total production in 1920 is expected to be twenty-five per cent.—or approximately 2,500,000 pounds—greater than in 1919, according to C. Marker, dairy commissioner of Alberta.

Mr. Marker says that the development of the output of creamery butter is due to a growing interest among farmers in the dairy business because of the high prices being paid for cream.

The selling price of creamery butter in Calgary during the summer season of 1919 was 106.85 per cent. higher than the selling price during the summer season of 1914. As a basis for comparison, the following figures on the selling prices of creamery butter to the wholesale trade of Calgary have been compiled by this department:

Selling Price per Pound	
1914	25.87
1915	27.18
1916	31.49
1917	39.56
1918	45.30
1919	53.51

The steadily increasing output is remarkable in view of the crop conditions of last season. Some of the creameries report that their production was practically double that of a year ago.

Thirty years ago Ontario farmers, killing hogs on the far and peddling them to local consumers, got \$3.50 a hundred pounds for the dressed meat. Now the live hog under modern packinghouse methods of marketing, brings them \$16 a hundredweight without the trouble of doing a butcher's job!

In England the consumption of margarine, which before the war was eight pounds a head a year, or about one-half the consumption of butter, is reported to be steadily increasing.

NATURAL GAS DEVELOPMENT

The first discovery of natural gas in the province of Alberta of which we have record, took place in May, 1884, at Alderson, a station on the main line of the C.P.R., 35 miles west of Medicine Hat. The railway construction gang, boring the water, struck a heavy pocket of gas at a depth of 1,300 feet. A little later in the same year, gas was also discovered at Cassils, 6 miles further west, but while this will soon be checked, that at Alderson continued to flow for many years.

In 1890, Medicine Hat, then but a small town, sank a well and found a small supply at 700 feet; four years later another attempt was made, and history tells how at the eleventh hour, with money all spent—facing bankruptcy—and despair and gloom in the hearts of the mayor and city council, a sensational flow was uncovered at a depth of twelve to thirteen hundred feet. The cheap, apparently unlimited fuel supply, both for commercial and domestic purposes, is largely accountable for that city's growth and present prosperous condition.

There are several known gas fields in the province of Alberta, but as yet only two have been utilized for commercial purposes to any considerable extent, namely, the Medicine Hat and Bow Island fields. Bow Island lies on the railway line about half way between Medicine Hat and Lethbridge, 180 miles southeast of Calgary.

In 1912 the supply was piped into the city of Calgary, as well as distributed en route to the city of Lethbridge, Macleod and other towns, where it is used for both domestic and commercial purposes.

In the neighborhood of Pelican Rapids, Athabasca River, gas springs were known at least a century ago, and travellers going up and down the river, into the Peace River country, have cooked their meals there. Further well-known gas reserves are the Foremost field, south of Bow Island, the Barnwell field, midway between Bow Island and Lethbridge, and the Viking field, 83 miles east of Edmonton, and were it not for the difficulty of obtaining adequate piping, it is probable that this supply would have been utilized two or three years ago to furnish light, heat and power to Alberta's capital.

Prospecting is now going on in the Monarch field, 40 miles southwest of Calgary, and at the Okotoks field, 27 miles south. Along the foothills of the Rocky Mountains, in the vicinity of the apex of a well definite anticline similar to that one in the Okotoks field, there are many pronounced gas seepages, and it seems probable that, as in the former field, which had also a gas seepage, it will be a commercial producer.

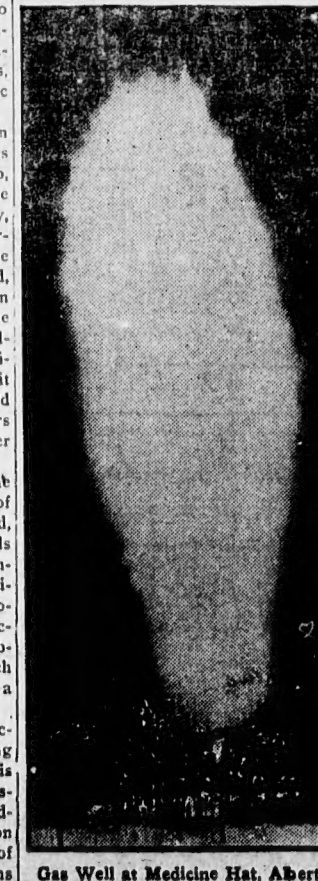
The Imperial Oil Co. has commenced prospecting for petroleum along the last mentioned anticline, and it is stated, intends to carry vigorous prospecting from the International Boundary northwards to Hudson Hope on the Peace River. The production of both petroleum and natural gas seems

favorable. This company also proposes further prospecting at other parts away from the mountains, where it has selected grounds for operation. In many parts of the province in drilling for petroleum, gas has been found; and indications are that there is an immense gas field remaining yet to be tapped, the exact location, size and probable capacity of which can only be proven by testing.

According to the report of the Canadian Bureau of Mines, in 1915, there was produced 4,378,947,000 cubic feet valued at \$1,037,919, which is equivalent to 23.7c per thousand cubic feet—the heat that could be obtained from upwards of two hundred thousand tons of coal.

The Natural Gases of Alberta are known as "wet" and "dry." The former is a profitable source of gas line, and already a considerable amount of that fluid has been produced, with a probable greatly increased production in the near future. The Medicine Hat and Bow Island fields are "dry," but there is no reason to conclude that much of the gas yet to be found will be "dry"—rather the reverse.

Helium, a non-combustible gas, very nearly as light as hydrogen and invaluable for balloons, has been extracted in considerable quantity from the Bow Island gas at Calgary, and shipped to Great Britain for war purposes. The termination of the war has stopped the manufacture, probably, however, only temporarily.



Gas Well at Medicine Hat, Alberta.

THE GLEICHEN CALL

W. FANK EVANS, PROPRIETOR

Published Every Thursday In The Heart of a Wonderfully Rich Farming and Ranching District.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$2.50 Per Year. Foreign Countries \$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES—Display \$50. per Column inch first insertion and 25c. for each subsequent insertion. Locals accepted only with display ad at 10c. per line.

Exchange Must be added to Cheques

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1919

Agriculture

It is imperative that every agriculturist form a sound association with a progressive thinking body. This is the only way to secure the best results from the land. Any of our 400 branches can give you the information you need to make the most of your land and shipping facilities.

Resources saved \$174,000,000.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Cluny Branch - W. Somerville, Manager
Standard Branch - J. T. Hutton, Manager

ESTABLISHED 1872



THIS and the years to follow, will be years of reconstruction, new enterprises and fresh opportunities. There will be opportunity for you if you are able to take advantage of it. You can do so now depend upon what you have saved in the past. What you can do in the future will depend upon what you are saving now.

BANK OF HAMILTON

Milo Branch - A. Melvor, Act.-Mgr.

Warm Weather

Will soon be here and with warm weather comes the flies. Order your screen doors and Windows now and be prepared. we have them in all the Standard Sizes and prices that are right.

Revelstoke Sawmill Co., Ltd.

J. E. McCORMICK - Gleichen.
W. M. GILLESPIE - Cluny.
E. LEWINGTON - Namska.

When You Need Tires or Other Accessories—Think of Us

We carry a full line of popular Auto Accessories, and can quote you prices as low as any of the big auto supply houses. Let us tell you how you can make your car look like new with our Auto Equip. You can apply it yourself, and it dries quickly, giving a finish that any professional would be proud of.

McKAY HARDWARE Co

GLEICHEN

We have the famous



McLaughlin & Chevrolet Service

Let us handle your auto grief for you we know how.

Only the best mechanics employed Radiators, tractors and autos repaired

McLaughlin Garage

Gleichen - - Alta.

Phone 78

STOP, LOOK LISTEN; USE MORE CARE

Tons of Steel are Harder to Stop Than Any Motor Car Made

Cavalries and thoughtless drivers of motor cars have cost the lives of many people and millions of dollars damage since the auto came into general use in the United States and Canada. The railroads of both countries have been forced to pay out large sums of money in damages.

It should be remembered by all drivers of motor cars that a train has its own brakes and that a motor car has a certain amount of freedom in its movement. It should be remembered that a motor car can be stopped within a few feet while it often takes far more than one hundred yards for a train to stop. Always look before crossing a railroad and be sure to approach the crossing at a speed which allows you perfect control of your machine.

The growing list of fatalities from motor cars is alarming. In the United States it has reached such a stage that the public is crying out against it and in some cities some novel plans of punishment have been put in force. In Chicago speeders are sentenced to make a slow trip through the morgue corner the guidance of a deputy coroner. In Youngstown, Ohio, speeders are sentenced to hold watch beside the dead body of their victim or at the hospital bedside of the injured victim. New York City makes the speeders go through practically the same process on an arrest that they would the most daring criminal. Photo graphs and finger prints are taken and a "rogues' gallery" is maintained.

Grand Jury Report St. Louis gives an splendid example of how serious the public are considering this question. In that city a grand jury was in session for four months and produced a lengthy report submitted filled with recommendations for the safety of the citizens of the city.

Undoubtedly much of these facts have on accidents on streets of the different cities, everywhere. It shows how public opinion is elastic in the United States in regard to careless drivers. There is no reason in the world why a driver of a motor car can not proceed along a city street or a country road with full control of his machine. Automobiles are built for business and pleasure and not for the purpose of killing people, but they are not fool proof and probably never will be.

The "Chicago Tribune" printed an editorial recently as follows: "In emphasizing the great number of deaths and injuries caused by motor cars, the Tribune is trying to bring home to the average motorist that a great majority of mishaps are the result of carelessness."

Pedestrians Careless "It is an aphorism that an automobilist must not only watch himself but the other fellow as well. Drivers often are victims of the carelessness of others. And this is just as true for pedestrians as motorists."

"Too many pedestrians fail to observe the simple precaution of 'stop look and listen.' Too many pedestrians stand upon personal privileges to the point of disastrous collision with an automobile. A motorist may plausibly argue that he has the right of way by thrusting his car over a crossing, or by driving on the wrong side of the road. The fact that a motorist has the right of way does not make him immune from grave violation hardly compensates the pedestrian who perishes in a majority of cases. The pedestrian who is killed or injured by a motor car is usually a victim of his own carelessness, though the pedestrian is usually a victim of his own carelessness, though the pedestrian is usually a victim of his own carelessness."

"A pedestrian, hastily conscious of his right to cross a street, will usually cross casually, though the pedestrian is usually a victim of his own carelessness, though the pedestrian is usually a victim of his own carelessness."

allegory and though there is not the slightest assurance that the approaching motor, tons of steel, will not restrain the brakes and stand down upon him. There is no question here of the pedestrian's right; the motorist's right may be at fault, but what principle has been reinforced after the success wherever intelligently applied.

At Railway Crossings

Investigation have clearly shown that often motorists will not take proper precautions at railway crossings appearing to act in practically the same manner as the pedestrian in the above quotation. They seem to forget that the train, thousands of tons of steel and wood, has perhaps gathered a momentum since its last stop that would either stop the train tumbling into the ditch, killing many passengers and doing thousands of dollars of damage by the sudden application of brakes, or that it might slide far enough to mean the death of all those in the motor car and the destruction of the car.

A swiftly moving train cannot stop as quickly as a motor car and a passenger train carries a heavier load of human freight than any motor car can. Motorists should constantly remember that they should slow down and look for approaching trains. A few minutes at a railway crossing may save your life. It may save the lives of many passengers.

An engineer will probably be made mad when he tells your motor car. Statistics prove that many engineers become physically unfit for their position through overwork and stress. It takes away their nerve.

U.S.A. Statistics

According to the annual report of the National Highway Protective Society, dated January 1, 1918, there were 645 passenger cars and automobiles on the national highways of New York State, including New York City, in 1912, and 645 persons killed by automobiles and 647 persons killed by automobiles on the highways in 1917—an increase of approximately 100 per cent. In five years. The society's report furnishes proof, besides railroad accident records and records, that this railroad grade crossing slaughter was due to recklessness and the accompanying negligence, who almost invariably accompany drivers, and that these are the factors to be dealt with vigorously and vigorously if there is to be a cessation of street and railroad grade crossing accidents.

The alarming increase in the number of accidents to motorists at highway crossings with the attending shattering of the nerves of engineers and their incapacitation for the very responsible duties of their positions caused the Illinois Central Railroad Company some time ago to have observations made at certain highway crossings on their system for the purpose of noting the conduct of persons about to cross their track. It was seen that seventy per cent. of the persons who stopped, looked or listened for approaching trains but crossed the railway without looking the slightest thought for the safety of either themselves or anyone else.

The Alligator Hunt

The alligator, once sole monarch of the creek and lagoons through the charming swamps of Florida, has long since been supplanted by the more numerous crocodiles that proud position. Hunters and sportsmen lavishing the sanctuary of the crocodile with high powered rifles, have taken such heavy toll, that in order to prevent extermination the crocodile is now raised on farms. Their sluggish habits rendered them an easy mark for the hunter, and it was inevitable that under such conditions the practically defenseless reptile should suffer. The tale would have been very different, however, had the battle been waged in the water. The crocodile is a current Ford Educational Monthly. Here the hunter, quite unarmed, plunges into the water after his quarry and with bar hands tackles the animal, his native element, carrying the battle to an exciting and triumphant finish.

The picture will be shown at the Gleichen Opera House shortly, and if you love a good fight make a point of seeing it.

BUY AN IRRIGATED FARM FROM THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

BECAUSE:

Irrigation makes the farmer independent of rainfall, and insures good crops, not occasionally, but every year. Irrigation makes possible the cultivation of alfalfa, the king of fodders, which assures good returns in dairying and mixed farming. Irrigation means intensive farming and close settlement, with all the advantages of a densely populated agricultural community. Irrigation in the Canadian Pacific Railway irrigation block is no longer an experiment, the years that it has been tried having absolutely demonstrated its success wherever intelligently applied.

You can buy irrigated land from the Canadian Pacific Railway at prices averaging \$60 an acre, with twenty years to pay and the privilege of a loan of \$2,000 for improvements; 6 per cent. interest; no principal after the first payment until the end of the fourth year; reduced interest if settlement conditions complied with, and no water rental for the first year. Contracts can be paid off before maturity if desired.

This is the most liberal offer of irrigated farm land on record. For full particulars apply to

ALAN CAMERON, Gen. Supt. of Lands Canadian Pacific Railway, Dept. of Natural Resources, CALGARY, ALBERTA



J. H. WALLS

Ford Garage and Service Station Full Line of Ford Parts always in stock.

We have among our mechanics A Competent Electrical Expert Consult him at any time.

Goodyear Tires and Tubes. Maltese Cross Tires and Tubes

Bring your Troubles to our Trouble Man.

J. H. WALLS Basement Gleichen Opera House

ALARM CLOCKS



We have just received a shipment of the very best grades and can recommend them as absolutely reliable.

Gleichen Jewellery Co. W. G. S. GOURLAY, Manager, - - Gleichen Issued of Marriage Licenses.

F. A. McHUGH & SONS

Owner of horse branded H2 left high, 21 1/2 left high, 2 left high and 1 left shoulder. Cattle branded H2 left ribs or left hip or both left ribs and left hip. 101 left hip—left ribs.

Joseph O'Keefe

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY.

Also solicitor of the Supreme Court Ireland and King's Bench Manilla.

Fire and Marine Insurance

Telephone No. 19

Office Rooms 6 and 6

The Royal Bank of Canada Building

GLEICHEN, ALTA.

NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned against buying any grain, hay, or other produce, cattle, horses, wagons, harness, saddles, mowers or rakes from any Indian of the Blackfoot reserve without an officially printed permit issued by the Indian Agent.

Also, not to take in pledge or make any loan upon any article to any Indian under penalty of having any such articles seized and being prosecuted for illegal pawning by G. H. GOODERMAN Indian Agent

GEO. W. EVANS

Undertaking and Embalming

Artificial wreaths always on hand Weather extremes will not effect these flowers in any way.

Gleichen. - Alta.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Trans-Canada Limited, all standard sleeping cars, Trains 7 and 8, between Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver will be resumed. First train from Montreal and Vancouver May 2nd.

Times for trains at Gleichen will be daily: Going West: No. 1, 2, 4, 5 a.m.; No. 3, 5, 11 p.m. Going East: No. 2, 3, 4, 5 a.m.; No. 4, 4, 11 p.m.

San-Paul Express, Trains 13 and 14 between St. Paul and Vancouver will be resumed. First train from St. Paul May 29th, first train from Vancouver May 30th, 1920.

For further particulars apply to any ticket agent. J. E. PROCTOR, District Passenger Agent, Calgary

Gloves
Gloves
Gloves

T. H. BEACH
THE HARNESS STORE

VACUUM
CLEANER
FOR HIRE

Don't take your capets to the
back but do a good job with
the Vacuum Cleaner

H. E. JAMES

Lumber is High--WHY?

Great Demand,
Small Supply.

No prospect of a lower price this year.

Now is the time to buy You will get very close
Prices, Good Quality and up-to-date Service at the

Crown
Lumber
Company, Ltd.

C. B. Hyndman
AGENT,

GLEICHEN, Phone 11 and 36

A SAFE PLACE TO TRADE

Insurance and Real Estate

HENDERSON & MALLORY

OUR MOTTO:

"Personal Attention"

"Absolute Security"

Gleichen, Alberta

Gleichen Tire
Repair

Don't throw away your
tires before you see us.

We make a specialty of
RIM CUTS
BLOW OUTS
RETREADING

We can fix 'em.

Prices reasonable and
work guaranteed

B. Bottrell, Prop.

Painting and
Paper Hanging

Full supply of Wall
Paper in the latest
styles to choose from

V. BISSONNETTE &
J. KETCHEN
Gleichen, Alta.
Phone 54

DR. A. W. BOWLES
M.D., M.C.M. McGill, M.C.P.S. Alta.
Physician
and Surgeon
Phone Office 41, Residence 40
GLEICHEN

A. R. TUDHOPE
AUCTIONEER
for
The Province of Alberta

Terms Reasonable

Enquire at office of
Massey-Harris Office
or
Phone 68 or 93

Gleichen, Alberta

T. H. Beach
Auctioneer

Sales Conducted any
place in the Province

For terms enquire at Gleichen Harness
store. Office phone 3, residence phone 2

Famous
"GALT
COAL"

Immediate delivery in any
quantity.

Brown's Transfer
Phone 37

HARDWICK BROS
Range, Snake Valley

Owners of all cattle branded:

Left ribs and hip Left ribs Right ribs
Horses branded: D right hip

Keep your eye on the label of The
Call. Many subscriptions are now
due.

The Potatoes Crop

Experimental Farm Notes

The potato is one of our most important food crops, and yet it is one that very often does not receive the attention it should. It is the practice of many farmers to leave the planting of potatoes until practically all other crops are in. With the exception of, perhaps, some parts of the Maritime Provinces, this late planting means a much smaller yield than there would be if the planting were done before the middle or by the middle of May. By the end of May or beginning of June the seed potatoes have sprouted so much that when these are broken off a planting time the new shoots will not come on with the same vigor as they did early in the season. Furthermore, it is important for the potato to get a good root system before the hot weather sets in.

It is of the greatest importance to use good seed. Two lots of seed of the same variety which look very much alike may give a difference of three hundred or more bushels per acre in the crop, as has been shown in experiments at the Experimental Farm, Ottawa. In 1919, for instance, one lot of Irish Cobbler yielded at the rate of 378 bushels per acre and another 37 bushels per acre. The best Green Mountain stock yielded 330 bushels per acre and one of the poorest 46 bushels per acre.

If possible, one should know where the seed was grown the previous year that he is about to use. If it came from a crop the plants of which grew vigorously until cut down by frost, then, if free from disease, it will, as a rule, yield a much better crop than if it is from a crop the plants of which withered in the middle of summer and the tubers lay in hot soil the rest of the season. This year when the price of potatoes is so high there will be a temptation to use small potatoes for seed. If these small potatoes come from a good crop the previous year the results are likely to be satisfactory if the season is favorable, but if they are from a small crop the previous year when the plants dried up early the plants this year are likely to be weak and the yield not very good. Good sized sets of from one and a-half to two ounces have been found the most satisfactory taking one year with another, although if the season is particularly favorable smaller sets will produce a good crop, but one cannot tell what the season will be, hence it is better to be on the safe side.

The distance of planting which has been found most economical in most places in Canada is rows two and a half to three feet apart and sets 12 to 14 inches apart in the rows. While quite shallow planting has given the highest average yields at Ottawa, it is necessary to plant about four inches deep for field culture to enable one to harrow before the potatoes are up without pulling up the sets.

The varieties which have been most generally satisfactory in Canada are Irish Cobbler as an early potato and Green Mountain as a main crop or later variety. Other varieties which cannot be distinguished from Green Mountain and are included in the Green Mountain group are Gold Coin, Uncle Sam, Wee MacGregor and Delaware. The Dooley of the Rural group has done well in the warmer parts of Ontario, and in coast climates Burbank is also popular.

Does it Pay to Stop
Advertising

The biggest blunder of recent years in the business world was the result of egotism and mistaken economy. The big English toilet soap makers, Pears, shut down upon their advertising department; decided to dispense with advertising. A soap that had been on the market for a hundred years would sell itself! Pears' is a mighty good soap. There have been millions of new babies washed with it—but did it sell itself? Sales dropped off and this grand old institution got badly left in the soap selling race. Conditions looked blue. A special meeting of directors was called into solemn session to discuss the absence of dividends and the abnormal decline in the soap business. And—after these shrewd conservative business men had analyzed the profit and loss reports for several years, they came to the conclusion that no matter how good an article was, it needed advertising to keep it before the public. In other words, no advertising meant no profits, therefore no dividends for stockholders. The fact that this big concern then voted several millions of dollars to be used exclusively for advertising purposes, compels one to ask you whether you think persistent advertising pays or not?

Columbia
Records

We amuse in music

If its snappy, catchy music you want—come in and hear Columbia Grafonolas and Records. Columbia Records were the first to put "amuse" in music. Music that's got the spark and spice of life—that's what we have for you.

Let us play these latest Columbia Records for you—no obligation

WE'D BUILD A WORLD IN THE HEART
OF A ROSE, (Nicholls) Charles Hackett,
Tenor Solo, Orchestra Accompaniment.
78929 10-inch Single Disc \$1.00

UNCLE ZED AND HIS FIDDLE,
UNCLE ZED BUYS A GRAPHOPHONE,
rendered by Charles Ross Taggart, Descriptive monologue. A2890 10-inch \$1.00

WHEN MY BABY SMILES, (Berlin) Henry Burr, Tenor Solo, Orchestra accompaniment, and DADDY YOU'VE BEEN A MOTHER TO ME, (Fisher) Lewis James, Tenor Solo, Orchestra accompaniment. A2894 10-inch \$1.00

MY MOTHER'S SONGS, and ONE BY ONE WE'RE PASSING OVER, (McEwan) William McEwan, Tenor Solo, Orchestra accompaniment. A2881 10-inch \$1.00

CHRIST IN FLANDERS, (Ward-Stephens) and IN FLANDERS FIELDS, (Nelson) Charles Harrison, Tenor Solo, Orchestra accompaniment. A2892 10-inch \$1.00

SUNRISE AND YOU, (Penn.) George Meader, Tenor Solo, Orchestra accompaniment, and I'LL THINK OF YOU WHEN EVENING SHADOWS FALL, (Perkins) George Meader, Tenor Solo, Orchestra accompaniment. A2888 10-inch \$1.00

BEAUTIFUL HAWAIIAN LOVE, (Terriss and Bridges) Campbell and Burr, Tenor Duet, Orchestra accompaniment, and HAWAIIAN HOURS WITH YOU, (Howard) Campbell and Burr, Tenor Duet, Orchestra accompaniment. A2895 10-inch \$1.00

New Columbia Records out the 10th and 20th of every month

WM. G. S. GOURLAY,
Columbia Agent, Gleichen

For the accommodation of farmers, who cannot get in town in the day-time the Jewelry Store will be open Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturday evenings during seeding.

Gleichen Sports Day, June 10th.

MISCELLANEOUS

Notices under this heading 15 words or under 50c for first insertion and 25c each subsequent insertion—3 issues for \$1. Over 15 words one cent a word charged for each insertion.

Horses and Cattle lost and found, for sale and wanted; Seed Grain for sale and wanted; Land to sell, rent or buy, and any other of a similar nature will get quick results by being published under this heading.

Brand reading notices \$1.50 for each animal, three insertions. Over 15 words 1 cent per word extra each issue.

When brands have to be cut a charge a 35c. each is made.

In order to insure publication CASH MUST accompany each notice

FOR SALE—Grey wicker baby carriage in good condition, cheap. Apply Mrs R. C. Wilson. First house back of Opera House. 9

LOST—May 11, one \$10 and two \$1 bills in Gleichen. Reward at Call Office. 9

\$15 REWARD—Lost 2 Clyde mares light and dark bay. Branded JC on right shoulder and right thigh, also C on left shoulder. H. Channay, Chancellors, Alta. 10

FOR SALE—Saddle horse, work horse and milk cow. G. F. Taylor. 8

FOR SALE—3 registered Hereford bulls and a 3-year-old registered Clydesdale stallion. Premium winners at Calgary. W. H. Goodwin, 113 Gleichen. 9

BARRED—Rock eggs for hatching from from a selected pen of well marked good laying birds. Government inspected and approved. \$2 per 15. H. Dexter McKay. 8tf

FOR SALE—1-K-W magneto, for lighting, suitable for tractor lighting, excellent shape. 1 Wizard magneto, low tension, for ignition, make and break, nearly new. Queenstown Garage, per L. E. Durston, n.e. quarter 16-22, via Cluny. 9

FOR—Information leading to recovery of a bay horse branded CU on left hip and vented. Reward will be paid. Griesbach Farm. 7tf

FOR SALE—6 roomed house, good water and one acre of ground, will sell for \$1000 cash if taken at once. Apply Box 91, Gleichen. 9

\$25 REWARD—For bay horse, 9-years old, small white spot on forehead, corked hind legs and long front hoofs, hobbles burns above hoofs, short head and long ears, weigh about 1150 lbs, mark on left hind leg, collar marks. Notify S. Samson, Cluny. 40tf

\$5 REWARD—For information leading to recovery of a 3-year-old brown steer and 2-year-old black steer branded on right ribs, no horns. \$50 Notify S. Samson, Cluny. 4tf



— and this is the greatest
surface saver of them all.

LOSS from paint-neglect is vastly greater than the cost of paint-protection. But it is to be noted also that the real cost of using ordinary paint—however cheap it may be—is vastly greater than that of painting with a pure and durable paint such as

B-H "ENGLISH" 70% Pure White Lead
(Canadian Genuine B.H.)
30% Pure White Zinc
100% Pure Paint

If you would avoid constant repainting—if you would have the paint that has maximum covering capacity, investigate the cause of the high reputation attained by B-H. You'll find that the favor in which it is held by so many experienced painters is due to a truly remarkable degree of purity—a purity attained by using such ingredients as the famous Brandram's Genuine B.B. White Lead—together with pure zinc and the purest linseed we know how to make in our own splendidly-equipped mills. Your investigation will result in a trial of this brand—and that trial will make you a confirmed adherent of this paint that goes so far and that lasts so long. Its fine, smooth surface never cracks or peels—the tough, air-tight coat it gives affords the surest kind of surface-protection against time and weather.

McKay Hardware Co.
Gleichen, Alta.

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON

Graceful, Comfortable, Stylish

EYEGLASSES

We shape our glasses to conform with
your features, guarantee our work,
and back up our sight testing with
Certificates.

Ban's Drug Store, Cluny

HAY FOR SALE

Can arrange shipment of good Eastern
Timothy at attractive prices delivered
Gleichen. Have cars loaded rolling
west all the time.

ALFRED BELLEY, Cluny, Alta.
Phone Rural 213.

The Busy Store

**100 BOXES
No. 1
WINTER APPLES**

while they last

**\$2.95
PER—BOX**

We inspect and guarantee each box to be in good condition.

Yours for Service

Webster Bros.

MOTTO: "Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back"

Town of Gleichen

By-law No. 98 has been amended requiring all places of business to keep one or more fire extinguishers of any type approved by the fire underwriters. All owners of property, business or residential are also required to keep in an accessible position a ladder not less than 12 feet in length.

A. R. TUDHOPE,
Mayor.

Town of Gleichen

The operation of motor vehicles within the limits of the town with muffler disconnected or cut out is strictly forbidden and the provisions of the Motor Vehicle Act in this regard will be strictly enforced without further warning.

PETER McLEAN,
Soc'y. Treas.

The Anti-Tobacco League of the Bow Valley Church made a very practical appeal to the users of tobacco last Sunday to refrain from the habit from a personal point of view. The method used in the appeal was educating the people to the facts proven of its being detrimental. The local league is considering working jointly with the Anti-Cigarette League of America.

Subscribe for the Call.

Now is the time to begin to prepare your exhibits for Gleichen's greatest Fair—Aug. 13-18.

The Royal Bank of Canada

recommends its

Money Orders

as a safe and economical method of remitting amounts up to \$50. Payable without charge at any branch of any bank in Canada, Yukon excepted, and Newfoundland.

\$5 and under, 3c. Over \$5, not exceeding \$50, 6c. Over \$50, not exceeding \$100, 10c. Over \$100, not exceeding \$500, 15c.

Total Resources \$200,000,000

New Management

The Peoples Market Ltd. are starting Monday morning, May 17th, under new management.

The most direct way tooback the high cost of living is to reduce expenses and this is what we are endeavoring to do and we ask the co-operation of every stockholder and customer with a view to enabling us to give better service and still reduce our expenses.

We have found that travellers expenses and feeding expenses in carrying stock until we were ready to use or to ship them has been a burden on our business and we are trying to eliminate both to the minimum. If all customers who have butcher stock coming to maturity will confer with the new manager and let him know what you have and when you want to make delivery he will co-operate with you and try to be ready to use or ship it without holding it at our yards, under heavy expenses. If you are sure the stock is ready for market we would ask that you bring it in without asking us to send a man out to look at it, and agree on a price, as we are bound to give you its market value and cannot pay more.

If you want to benefit by the judgment of our man on when it will be in condition for market try to give him time to arrange to see all there is in our neighborhood at one trip and in that way save both time and gasoline.

Co-operation is our watchword, let us put it into actual practice in every possible manner for the benefit of all.

Peoples Market Ltd.

W. D. TREKHO,

Secretary.

Mr. and Mrs. Wan. Hill have returned from spending the winter in California. They are already contemplating take another extended trip, and evidently intend to enjoy the results of success of the years of hard work here—and they rightly should.

Mr. F. C. Williams left last week for England on a business trip, and expects to return in August.

Yes, \$200 seems high for writing a letter for another fellow, especially when that fellow was not even burdened with the knowledge of it.

Local and District News

Ideal seeding weather.

Remember the Vets dance, May 24

The Peoples Market makes an important announcement on Page 8.

McHugh Bros. "sowed" 320 acres in 35 hours last week. That is going some.

Tenders for grading the Gleichen streets are being asked for by the Council in this issue.

The Gleichen Court of Revision will be held on Friday night next. Quite a number of appeals are to be heard.

Mrs. Dr. Bowles has returned from Calgary, where she recently underwent a surgical operation, and has nicely recovered.

Mr. and Mrs. Helmer are happy over the arrival of a fine baby girl at their farm north of town last Saturday, May 16th.

Many thousands of acres were seeded the past week, and the good work continues. All are happy.

L. J. Canfield, manager for Lash-er & Gillman, was a visitor to town Saturday. He spent last winter in the States.

Mr. and Mrs. Verne Higgs arrived last week from Napan, N.S., to visit Mrs. Higgs' brother, Dr. Farquharson.

A number of Gleichen delegates are attending the Board of Trade conference this week at Calgary, headed by President Matthews.

The Gleichen Meat Market will move into their new brick block on Saturday. Read the announcement.

From press reports Gleichenites who can find it convenient to be in Calgary May 27 to 29 will be most fortunate if they take in "The Masquerader" at the Grand.

For the accumulation of farmers, who cannot get in town in the day-time the Jewellery Store will be open Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays evenings during seedling.

Every business place and residence in town must have one fire extinguisher and a ladder according to law announced elsewhere in this issue by the Council. Get busy.

At 1 o'clock today every worthy Gleichen citizen joins the cleanup brigade. The Call has no time to tell about it. Too busy printing this paper before the entire staff grabs up their weapons.

Miss Gladys Altren, of Calgary, will open classes of physical culture and dancing in Gleichen shortly. The dates will be announced next week. This will be an excellent opportunity for all to learn the new dance, such as fox trots, one step, etc.

The engagement of Sir Robert Jones, chairman of Reuters, to Eoid, the only daughter of Colonel Arthur Bagnall, is announced. The marriage will take place on the eve of their departure for Canada for the Imperial Force Conference.

The quiet little district of Ouelletville was all alive on Thursday, May 6th, when a goodly number of friends assembled at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. William Brough for the marriage of their daughter Gertrude to Kelce Munro Walter. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Canon Shotton. The young couple had many presents and are evidently popular there. We wish them every happiness.

Mrs. W. S. Bole, of Winnipeg, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. L. Currie, for sometime, returned home last Friday afternoon.

MAY SPECIALS

Men's Suits

Our summer stock is still arriving and we can offer some very choice men's clothes at a very reasonable price.

Men's Shoes

Oxfords, black and brown; canvas shoes, white and brown; white tennis shoes.

Men's Shirts

Our stock of shirts and styles are the very best with a large assortment to choose from

Men's Collars

We carry a large stock of both hard and soft collars, all the latest styles.

Phone your order

PINDER & STABBACK

THE RELIABLE FURNISHERS

Universal Work Shop

PHONE 81

Just opened by SCOTT BROS., beneath the opera house. Experts on all makes of automobiles, gas and steam engines

Bring us Your Trouble

Daniels & Davidson

have just received the

1920 Empire Wall Paper Samples

Now is the time to select the paper you will require for Spring from the best and latest styles of wall paper.

Gleichen Street, - Gleichen

Reduction in Price of Posts

Split post, ordinary size 7 ft. at 20c.
Split post, large size 7 ft. at 25c.
Round post, 4 in. to 5 in. 7 ft. at 25c.
Corner posts according to size and length. We have them up to 10 long and all sizes.

These prices are not guaranteed for any length of time and if you need any posts leave your order with us at once.

Revelstoke Sawmill Co. Ltd.
GLEICHEN, - ALTA.